Name:			
Date: _			
Period:			

Coulsdon Sixth Form College Biology Department Biology Induction Assignment Cells & Organelles

SUMMER WORK

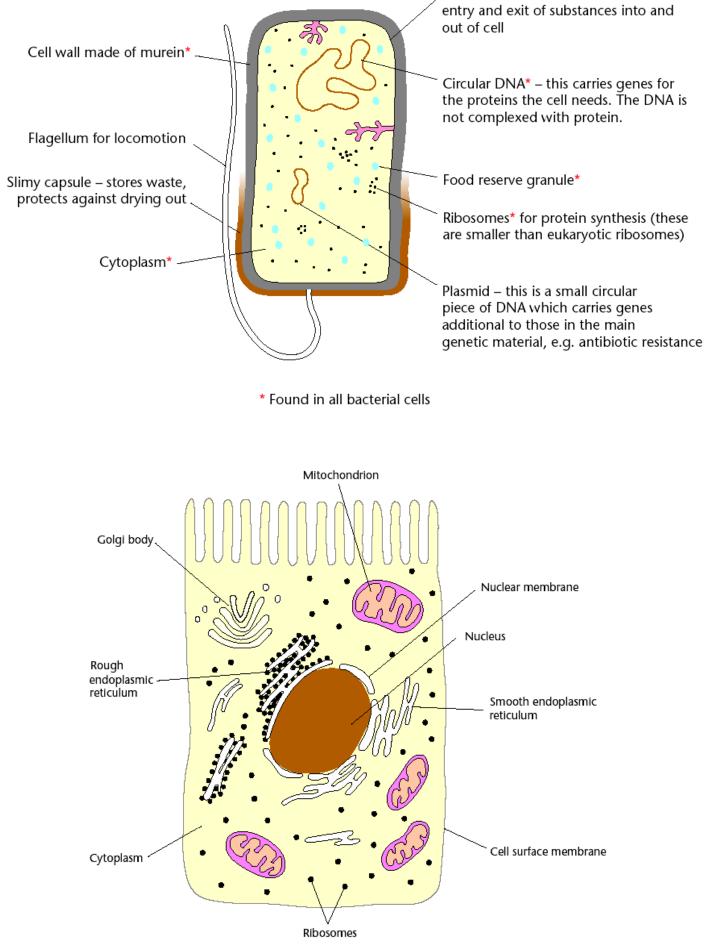
Before you return to classes in September you need to complete these two tasks

Task 1. Complete the labelling of the diagrams on pages 2 and 3 You need to carry out research and find at least one function of the organelles found in the main types of cells - Eukaryotic and prokaryotic - as shown in the accompanying diagrams

The prokaryotic cell has had its features labelled and annotated with their functions for you. You need to prepare suitable notes for the organelles of the plant and animal cells so you can complete the diagrams of the two eukaryotic cells yourself.

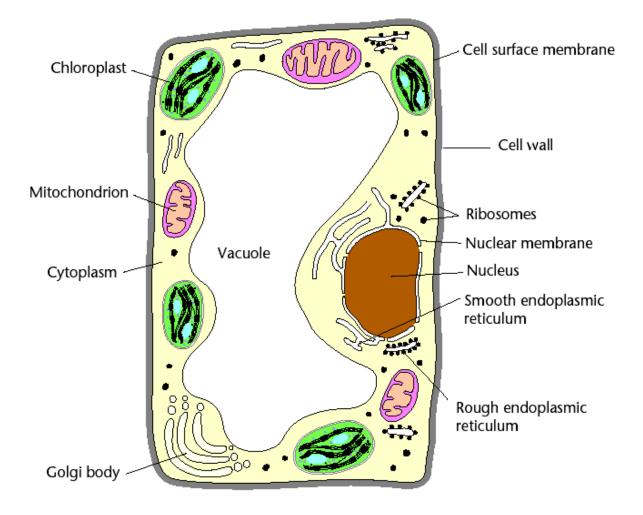
Note that some of the organelles are common to both types of cell.

DO NOT USE CUT-AND PASTE FOR ANY PART OF THE ASSIGNMENT



Cell surface membrane*- controls

EUKARYOTIC CELLS (PLANTS AND ANIMAL



Here is some information about the features (organelles) found in cells. Please read the table and compare the information with the structures in the diagram.

Organelle	Description	Function	Animal, Plant or Both	
CELL WALL	Rigid, tough, made of cellulose	Protects and supports the cell	Plant	
CELL MEMBRANE	Thin, covering, protects cells	Protects the cell, performs active transport and passive transport, moves materials in and out of the cell, communication	Both	
CYTOPLASM	Jelly like substance that contains organelles	Pads and supports organelles inside the cell. Contains enzymes	Both	
NUCLEUS	Dense, ball shaped structure, contains DNA	Controls all of the cell's activities	Both	
NUCLEAR MEMBRANE	Thin covering over the nucleus	Covers and protects the nucleus	Both	
NUCLEOLUS	Small dark area in the nucleus	Produces ribosomes	Both	
CHROMATIN	In the nucleus, made of DNA and protein, contains genes	Provides instructions for the cells activities, (growth, reproduction)	Both	
ROUGH ENDOPLASMIC RETICULUM	Clear, tubular system of tunnels throughout the cell, covered with ribosomes	Transports materials like proteins around the cell	Both	
SMOOTH ENDOPLASMIC RETICULUM	Clear, tubular system of tunnels throughout the cell	Transports materials like lipids around the cell	Both	
RIBOSOME	Small specks made of RNA. Found in cytoplasm or on the endoplasmic reticulum	Makes proteins	Both	
MITOCHONDRIA	Location in the cytoplasm, bean shaped	Supplies energy or ATP for the cell through cell respiration using glucose and oxygen	Both	
VACUOLE	Large open storage area, smaller in animal cells	Storage tank for food, water, wastes or enzymes	Both	
CHLOROPLAST	Green structures that contain chlorophyll	Captures sunlight and uses it to produce food through photosynthesis		
GOLGI BODY	Small bags with tubes connecting them	Packages and secrets proteins for use in and out of the cell	Both	
LYSOSOME	Small, round structures, containing enzymes	Digests older cell parts, food or other objects	Both	
CENTRIOLE	Small cylindrical	Used with the spindle apparatus during mitosis	Animal	

Task 2: Complete the tables on pages 5 and 6, and make a third table on page 7.

Cell Organelles Worksheet Use the table above to fill in the chart

Complete the following table by writing the name of the cell part or organelle in the right hand column that matches the structure/function in the left hand column. A cell part may be used more than once.

Cell Part

Put a tick in the appropriate column(s) to indicate whether the following organelles are found in plant cells, animal cells or both.

	71	
Organelle	Plant Cells	Animal Cells
Cell Wall		
Vesicle		
Chloroplast		
Chromatin		
Cytoplasm		
Cytoskeleton		
Endoplasmic reticulum		
Golgi apparatus		
Lysosome		
Mitochondria		
Nucleolus		
Nucleus		
Plasma membrane		
Central vacuole		
Ribosome		
Vacuole		
L		1

Useful Websites:

http://www.drjastrow.de/EMAtlasE.html Online atlas of electron micrographs http://multimedia.mcb.harvard.edu/ Animations of cell structures https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cj8dDTHGJBY Youtube video of the animal cell. Task 2.

(c) Prepare a table showing the main differences between a plant and animal cell.

EXTENSION WORK

Practice Questions

Below is a list of cell types and their functions

Cell Type	Function			
Cardiac muscle cells	Contraction of the heart			
Alveolar macrophage cells	To ingest and digest pathogens invading			
	the lungs			
Beta cells in islets of Langerhans	To produce insulin (a protein)			
Proximal tubule epithelial cells	To reabsorb useful molecules filtered out			
	of the blood by the kidneys.			

Name one organelle you would expect to find a lot of in the cardiac muscle cells. Give a reason for your answer.

Suggest how Alveolar macrophage cells are adapted to their function in terms of the organelles that they contain.

Name three organelles you would expect to find **a lot of** in beta cells in the islets of Langerhans

- .
- .
- .

Suggest how proximal tubule epithelial cells are adapted to their function in terms of the organelles they contain.